#### James 1:22 – 2:7

English Standard Version (ESV)

1 <sup>22</sup> But be doers of the word, and not hearers only,

deceiving yourselves. <sup>23</sup> For if anyone is a hearer of the
word and not a doer, he is like a man who looks intently at
his natural face in a mirror. <sup>24</sup> For he looks at himself and
goes away and at once forgets what he was like. <sup>25</sup> But the
one who looks into the perfect law, the law of liberty, and
perseveres, being no hearer who forgets but a doer who
acts, he will be blessed in his doing.

9  $^{26}$  If anyone thinks he is religious and does not bridle his

- 10 tongue but deceives his heart, this person's religion is
- 11 worthless. <sup>27</sup> Religion that is pure and undefiled before

12 God the Father is this: to visit orphans and widows in their

13 affliction, and to keep oneself unstained from the world.

14 2 My brothers, show no partiality as you hold the faith in our Lord Jesus Christ, the Lord of glory. <sup>2</sup> For if a man 15 16 wearing a gold ring and fine clothing comes into your 17 assembly, and a poor man in shabby clothing also comes 18 in, <sup>3</sup> and if you pay attention to the one who wears the fine 19 clothing and say, "You sit here in a good place," while you say to the poor man, "You stand over there," or, "Sit down 20 at my feet," <sup>4</sup> have you not then made distinctions among 21 22 yourselves and become judges with evil thoughts? <sup>5</sup> Listen, 23 my beloved brothers, has not God chosen those who are 24 poor in the world to be rich in faith and heirs of the 25 kingdom, which he has promised to those who love him? 26 <sup>6</sup>But you have dishonored the poor man. Are not the rich 27 the ones who oppress you, and the ones who drag you into court? <sup>7</sup> Are they not the ones who blaspheme the 28 29 honorable name by which you were called?

# Read the passage through completely before looking at these questions.

#### Observation (What does it say?):

Consider the observation questions on the back of this page. What do you notice in this passage?

- Repeated words or ideas?
- Comparisons or contrasts?
- *Purpose or explanation?*
- Unusual or symbolic language?
- Commands or instructions?
- *Conditional (if -then) statements?*
- What else do you observe in this passage?

#### Interpretation (What does it mean?):

After observing the passage:

- What parts seem clear and straightforward?
- What parts seem unclear or confusing?
- What parts challenge your previous thinking?
- What questions come to mind as you read?
- *How would you title this passage?*

#### Application (What does it mean <u>for me</u>?):

- What parts of this passage fit your current life situation?
- What parts seem unrelated to your circumstances?
- How might this passage affect your understanding of who God is and what He is doing?
- What part of this passage would be the most challenging for you to apply?
- What would be different (attitudes, behavior) if God used this passage to change you?

Robert A. Traina, Methodical Bible Study. Wilmore, Kentucky: Asbury Theological Seminary, 1952.

For a much more detailed description of the methodology, see

Notes and Comments Copyright 2024 Michael Wiebe

### Observation – What does it say? Interpretation – What does it mean? Application – What does it mean for me? For additional thought and discussion:

#### "Deceit" – three times in James 1

- v. 16 Do not be deceived [**planao led astray, wander**], my beloved brothers. <sup>17</sup> Every good gift and every perfect gift is from above, coming down from the Father of lights, with whom there is no variation or shadow due to change.
- v. 22 But be doers of the word, and not hearers only, deceiving [paralogizomai fallacious reasoning] yourselves
- v. 26 If anyone thinks he is religious and does not bridle his tongue but deceives [apataō cheat, trick] his heart

For more suggested methods of study: <u>http://www.goodnotsafe.com/methodical-bible-study/</u> For examples of inductive studies: <u>http://www.goodnotsafe.com/inductive-bible-study-examples-2/</u>

#### Observation (What does it <u>say</u>?)

What <u>facts</u> do you **observe** about the passage that help bring out the writer's thought process?

- Who are the people involved?
- What action takes place?
- What type of literature is it (poetry, history, didactic, etc.)?
- What details are included or left out?
- Are any unusual words used?
- Is there symbolic language?
- What is the grammar of the passage (pronouns, prepositions, verb tenses)?
- Are words or ideas repeated?
- Any comparisons or contrasts?
- Any cause and effect?
- Are there indications of purpose ("in order that...")?
- Are there conclusions ("Therefore...")?
- Are there explanations?
- Does the passage logically break into sections?
- How would you summarize the passage?
- What would be a good "headline" for the passage?

### Inductive Bible Study

(A few general ideas)

## Interpretation (What does it <u>mean</u>?)

What <u>questions</u> come to mind about the facts that would help you **interpret** the meaning?

- How would the original readers have understood the passage?
- What is the main emphasis?
- Why does the writer use repetition, or contrast, or unusual words?
- What does the grammar or structure of the passage reveal about the writer's thought pattern?
- Is there a logical sequence in the passage?
- How are different ideas in the passage connected?
- Are there any new ideas or concepts presented?
- Are there difficulties in the passage?

#### Application (What does it mean <u>for me</u>?)

What is the <u>impact</u> on your life? What **application** does the Holy Spirit want to show you?

- Is there a command to obey?
- Is there a promise to be thankful for?
- Is there an attribute of God to worship?
- Is there an example to follow?

Read nothing into the Scriptures, but draw everything from them, and suffer nothing to remain hidden that is really in them. J.A. Bengel (1687-1752)

James 1\_22 - 2\_7.docx